

Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board

§ 1655.20

(7) Upon receipt of an allegation described in paragraph (f)(2) of this section, the participant's account will be frozen and no withdrawal or loan will be permitted until after:

(i) 30 days have elapsed since the participant's spouse was sent a copy of the questioned document and no written affirmation of the alleged false information or forgery (together with signature samples in the case of an alleged forgery) has been received by the Board;

(ii) The loan is repaid pursuant to paragraph (f)(3) of this section;

(iii) The Executive Director concludes that the Board's investigation did not yield persuasive evidence that supports the spouse's allegation;

(iv) The Executive Director has been assured in writing by the spouse that any future request for a loan or withdrawal comports with the applicable requirement of notice or consent; or

(v) The participant is divorced.

[61 FR 58757, Nov. 18, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 45391, Aug. 26, 1998]

§ 1655.19 Court orders.

Upon receipt of a document that purports to be a qualifying retirement benefits court order or qualifying legal process relating to a participant's legal obligations to provide child support or make alimony payments, the participant's TSP account will be frozen. After the account is frozen, no loan will be allowed until the account is unfrozen. The Board's procedures for processing retirement benefits court orders and legal processes are explained in 5 CFR part 1653.

[61 FR 58757, Nov. 18, 1996]

§ 1655.20 Loans for the purchase of a primary residence.

(a) A loan for the purchase of a primary residence will be made only for the purchase of the primary residence of the participant or the participant and his or her spouse and for related purchase costs. The participant must actually bear all or part of the cost of the purchase of the primary residence. If the participant purchases a primary residence with someone other than his or her spouse, only the portion of the purchase costs that are borne by the

participant will be considered in making the loan. A loan for the purchase of a primary residence will not be made for the purpose of paying off an existing mortgage or otherwise providing financing for an existing primary residence purchased more than 2 years earlier.

(b) A primary residence must be used by the participant as his or her principal residence. A primary residence does not include a second home or vacation home. A participant cannot have more than one primary residence. A primary residence may include a houseboat, a house trailer, a condominium, or stock held in a cooperative housing corporation.

(c) Purchase of a primary residence means acquisition of the residence through the exchange of cash or other property or through the total construction of the new residence. Construction of an addition to or the renovation of a residence does not constitute "purchase" of a primary residence.

(d) Related purchase costs are any costs that are incurred directly as a result of the purchase or construction of a residence and which can be added to the basis of the residence for Federal tax purposes. However, "points" or loan origination fees charged for a loan, whether or not treated as part of the basis, will not be considered a purchase cost.

(e) The documentation required for a loan under this section is as follows:

(1) For all purchases except for construction, a copy of a home purchase contract or a settlement sheet or estimated settlement sheet;

(2) For construction, a home construction contract. If a single home construction contract is unavailable, additional contracts, building permits, receipts, assessments, or other documentation that demonstrates the construction of an entire primary residence and expenses in the amount of the loan may be accepted.

(f) The documentation provided under this subparagraph must bear a date that is no more than 24 months preceding the date of application.